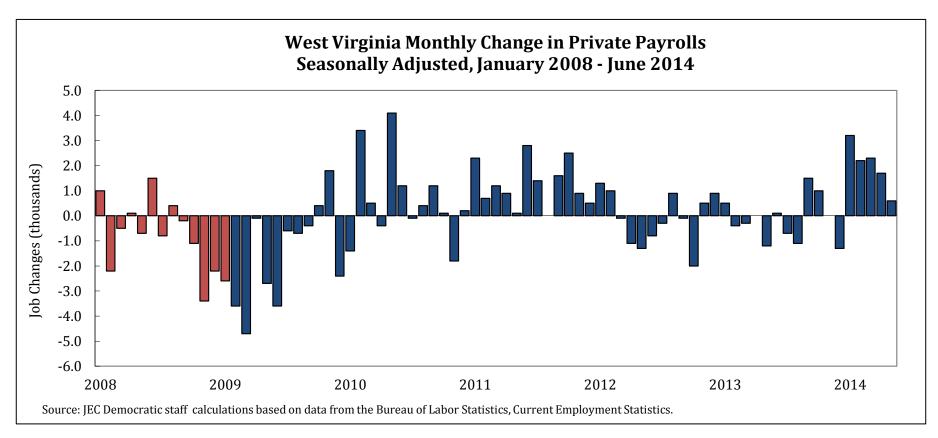
ECONOMIC SNAPSHOT: WEST VIRGINIA

Includes Bureau of Labor Statistics jobs and unemployment data through June 2014

JOBS

- In June, private-sector employment in West Virginia grew by 600 jobs. Over the past year, the West Virginia private sector has added 9,500 jobs. This compares with a decrease of 2,300 jobs over the 12 months ending in June 2013.
- West Virginia private-sector employers have added 30,700 jobs (an increase of 5.2 percent) since February 2010, the national low point for private-sector employment.
- In West Virginia, the following sectors have posted the largest job gains since February 2010: professional and business services (9,800 jobs), leisure and hospitality (6,700 jobs) and education and health services (5,500 jobs).
- The West Virginia sectors with the greatest job gains in percentage terms since February 2010 are: professional and business services (16.3 percent), mining and logging (16.0 percent) and leisure and hospitality (9.4 percent).



UNEMPLOYMENT

- The unemployment rate in West Virginia was 6.2 percent in June 2014, down 0.1 percentage point from May. The rate is down 0.3 percentage point from one year earlier and is below its recent peak of 8.5 percent in November 2010.
- 49,900 West Virginia residents were unemployed during June 2014, down from a recent high of 68,700 in February 2010. There are still 16,800 more people unemployed in West Virginia than when the recession began.
- In West Virginia, initial claims for unemployment insurance benefits totaled 5,846 during May, up 15.6 percent from the previous month. Total initial claims over the past 12 months are down 11.6 percent from their level over the 12 months before that.

EXPORTS

- In West Virginia, exports totaled \$621 million in May and \$8.1 billion over the past year, down 21.8 percent from the 12 months ending in May 2013 (inflation-adjusted dollars).
- West Virginia exports over the past 12 months are up 30.9 percent from their level in the same 12-month period four years earlier (inflation-adjusted dollars).

Housing

- Home prices in West Virginia increased by 1.5 percent from the first quarter of 2013 to the first quarter of 2014 (the most recent quarter for which data are available). They are up 4.1 percent since their recent low in the second quarter of 2011 but remain 3.0 percent below their pre-housing-crash peak.
- Housing starts in West Virginia totaled 1,760 units (seasonally adjusted annual rate) in May 2014, a decrease of 13.3 percent from April.
- Within the South census region, which includes West Virginia, sales of new single-family homes totaled 266,000 units in May 2014, an increase of 14.2 percent from April. Sales of existing single-family homes increased by 6.5 percent to 1,790,000 units (at seasonally adjusted annual rates) from April to May 2014.

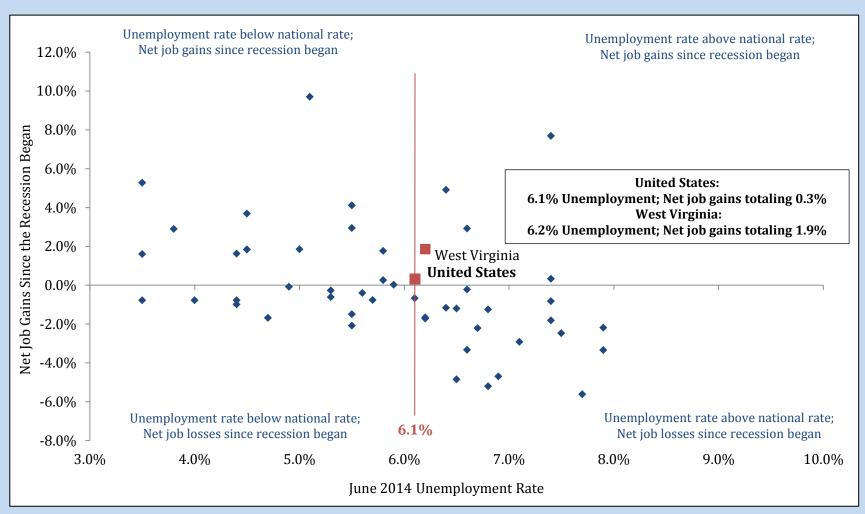
^{*} For West Virginia-specific labor sector statistics, please refer to the West Virginia office: http://www.workforcewv.org/lmi/

How Does West Virginia Compare to Other States?

Workers across the country were hit hard during the recent recession. Since then, employment in some states has returned to pre-recession levels, while employment in other states remains below pre-recession levels. The chart below allows for a comparison of West Virginia to other states using two metrics.

The unemployment rate (measured along the horizontal axis) serves as a gauge of current labor-market conditions in West Virginia, while net job gains since the recession began (current nonfarm jobs as a share of jobs prior to the recession) measures progress toward labor-market recovery (vertical axis).

States falling in the upper left quadrant have net job gains since the start of the recession and unemployment rates lower than the national unemployment rate. States falling in the lower right quadrant have higher unemployment rates than the United States overall and are still experiencing net job losses relative to pre-recession levels.



Note: The figure above excludes North Dakota, which has a current unemployment rate of 2.7% and net job gains totaling 28.3% since the start of the recession.

	STATE QUICK FACTS		
		West Virginia	United States
Unemployment Rates	. June 2014	6.2%	6.1%
	June 2013	6.5%	7.5%
	June 2012	7.4%	8.2%
	June 2011	7.9%	9.1%
Percent of Population Who Are Veterans	. 2013	11.4%	9.0%
All Veterans' Unemployment Rate	. 2013	6.4%	6.6%
Post-9/11 Veterans' Unemployment Rate	. 2013	8.4%	9.0%
Median Household Income	.2012	\$ 43,553	\$ 51,017
(2012 \$)	2007	\$ 46,611	\$ 55,627
Poverty Rate	2012	16.7%	15.0%
	2007	14.8%	12.5%
No Health Insurance	.2012	14.6%	15.4%
	2007	13.7%	14.7%